

KEY TO THE SPECIES OF SUBSECT. TRIPHYLLAE

Pistillate sepals oblong or obovate, with broad rachis 3-3.5 mm across, much broader than the lateral teeth (c. 0.5-1 mm). in fruit

D. triphylla

Pistillate sepals linear-lanceolate, with narrow rachis not over 1.5 mm across in fruit, the lateral teeth mostly broader than the rachis.

Pistillate bractlets capitate-glandular on margins; stamens 40 or more; staminate flowers 7 or 8 per involucrel; leaves pubescent beneath.

Ovary minutely hispidulous; stipules persistent

D. stenosepala

Ovary hirsute; stipules deciduous

D. hassleriana

Pistillate bractlets not glandular on margins.

Pistillate sepals not with glandular-capitate lobes.

Invol. bracts unguiculate; stamens 50-70; adstaminate pistillate
Leaves copiously pubescent beneath

bractlets 0

D. allemaii

Stipules 6-8 mm long; rachis of fruiting sepals at least 0.5 mm across.

Leaflets blunt (rounded or obtuse)

D. clauseniana

Leaflets acute or acuminate

D. olfersiana

Stipules 3-5 mm long; rachis of fruiting sepals only 0.1-0.2 mm across.

D. weberbaueri

Leaves glabrate beneath;

Pistillate sepals with glandular-capitate lobes.

Fruiting sepals 12-15 mm long; fruiting peduncle not over 1 cm long.

D. cissifolia

Fruiting sepals shorter, peduncles longer.

Involucral bracts usually more than 1 cm long;

Leaflets mostly 1.5 cm broad or more

Leaves monomorphic, all tripartite; ~~involucral bracts 3-lobed~~; stamens c. 50

~~D. meridionalis~~

Bracts 3-lobed

D. meridionalis

Bracts unlobed

D. bangii

molliscula?

(subsect. TRIPHYLLAE cont.)

Leaves dimorphic, tripartite and unlobed.

D. anomala

Leaflets less than 1.5 cm broad; staminate flowers 8,
stamens 12 or 13

D. burchellii

Involucral bracts mostly 1 cm long or less; stamens 10-25;
styles 2-4 mm long, glabrous

D. micromeria